

NAME:

19TH CENTURY EUROPE: HOW ITALY BECAME UNITED?

DIRECTIONS:

- 1) First be a demanding reader (highlight, underline, write notes in the margins, ask questions of the text) as you read the two texts listed below.
- 2) Answer the comprehension and summary questions in preparation for a seminar on this topic using your own sheet(s) of paper.
- 3) Make sure you can define and tell why each term associated with Italian Unification is significant from the Unit 9 Overview Sheet (1st Column of Terms).

TEXTS:

- 1) Alan Farmer, "How Was Italy Unified?" History Review. March 2006. P. 15-20. (Hand out)
- 2) Garibaldi, "Proclamation of 1860" (Primary Source Hand out)

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS:

1. What was Italy like in the early 19th century? (What promoted the growth of Italian nationalism? What had prevented Italian unification?)
2. What was the *Carbonari*?
3. Who was Giuseppe Mazzini and what role did he play in the Italian unification movement?
4. What were the causes and events associated with the Revolutions of 1848-49? What was learned by the supporters of Italian unification as a result of these revolutions?
5. Who was Count Camillo di Cavour and what was his vision and plan for unifying Italy?
6. What was *il Risorgimento*?
7. How did the First War of Italian Liberation further the unification process?
8. Who was Giuseppe Garibaldi? Trace, step-by-step, how Garibaldi united Southern Italy.
9. What was the Proclamation of 1860? How does Garibaldi appeal to the Sicilians to help? How does this reflect Italian nationalism?

SUMMARY QUESTIONS:

1. In 1861, Italian politician d'Azeglio remarked to Victor Emmanuel: "Sir, we have made Italy. Now we must make Italians." (p. 20.) What did d'Azeglio mean by this remark? What does this suggest about the problems and challenges that the newly united Italy would soon face?
2. Which was more influential in the making of a united Italy---Piedmont's expansionism or Italian nationalism? Italians or foreigners?
3. Who was most and who was least influential in the making of a united Italy---Victor Emmanuel II, Napoleon III, Pope Pius IX, Giuseppe Mazzini, Giuseppe Garibaldi, or Camillo di Cavour?